

COMMUNICATIONS

**THE KNOSSOS NOTEBOOKS** The Ashmolean Museum is having microfilm copies made of the Knossos excavation notebooks. These include Mackenzie's notebooks for the years 1900-05, 1907, 1908, 1910, 1922-25 and Evans's notebooks for 1900-03, 1905, 1908-10, 1913. It is hoped that microfilm sets (about 1800 exposures) will be available at a cost of about twelve to fifteen pounds, but the price will depend upon the demand. They will be for sale only to recognized institutions, libraries and scholars. Orders should be addressed to The Keeper, The Department of Antiquities, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford.

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This study, written in Czech, is provided with a 58 page English translation by S. Kostomlatský, only a slight abridgement of the Czech original.

Benson, J. L., Coarse ware stirrup jars of the Aegean, Berytus 14 [1961] 37-51.

Including a catalogue bringing up to date and expanding the list given by Furumark, Mycenaean Pottery p. 610, Type 164.

Beye, C. R., A new meaning for ΝΑΥΣ in the Catalogue, American Journal of Philology 82 [1961] 370-378.

Biancardi, B. M., I "Pelasgi": Nome, etnografia, cronologia, Studi Classici e Orientali 10 [1961]

Boardman, J., Knossos and Evans [Broadcast, BBC, 3 December 1961], pp. 6, mimeographed.

Capovilla, G., Osservazioni di toponomastica italiota e siceliota, Atti e Memorie del VII Congresso Internazionale di Scienze Onomastiche, Pisa-Firenze 1961

Capovilla, G., Concetto e limiti degli apporti micenei all'Occidente-Ricerche di toponomastica e di antroponomia, Atti e Memorie del VII Congresso Internazionale di Scienze Onomastiche, Pisa-Firenze 1961, 275-325.

Al termine della nostra ricerca osserviamo che il processo culturale e linguistico della diaspora micenea, attuatisi soprattutto nelle due fasi che abbiamo chiamato α) e β), dal secolo XV al XII a.Cr., è stato seguito soprattutto nei testi in Lineare B sotto gli aspetti molteplici della espansione geografica dei fatti toponomastici verso i lidi italioti. Essi hanno consentito, nei limiti di una disamina morfologica e storica, conforme ai dati attualmente a disposizione, di stabilire per la terminologia etnica e toponimica parecchi rapporti di nesso, aprendo la via per fissare una cronologia relativa. Tutto ciò in accordo da un lato non tanto col panorama archeologico, cioè con la classificazione della tipologia della ceramica, rinvenuta in territorio italiota e siceliota, quanto

dall'altro con gli elementi forniti dalla tradizione greca epica, storiografica e mitografica. Se non è stato sempre possibile segnalare le tendenze reattive, gli adattamenti e le innovazioni fonetiche e morfologiche, cui andarono soggette nel nuovo ambiente geografico, radici e formanti di toponimi e idronimi di fondo mediterraneo, occorre ricordare che essi sono giunti a noi attraverso tradizioni a tendenza essenzialmente livellatrice, che presenta però complessa molteplicità di aspetti. E' pertanto evidente che le reazioni e le innovazioni dell'ambiente italiota devono essere state notevoli. Anche nei fatti toponomastici abbiamo segnalato  $\pi\lambda\epsilon\tau\alpha \chi\nu\eta \tau\eta\zeta \text{Μυκηναικης} \alpha\gamma\omega\gamma\eta\zeta$ .

Capovilla, G., Alle origini della toponomastica italiota, Università degli Studi di Bologna, Quaderni dell'Istituto di Glottologia 5 [1961] 32ff.

Gli apporti linguistici del mondo miceneo, durante il periodo della Lineare B, alla formazione di parecchi nomi e toponimi italioti rilevanti meritano un posto notevole accanto alla serie già nota di quelli illirici. Per porre il nuovo problema nei suoi giusti termini e avviarlo a soluzione, è necessario che nella disamina delle tabelle egeo-micenee i vari dati onomastici, fonetici, morfologici e semanticci, vengano integrati e convalidati da quelli forniti dalle testimonianze relative intorno alla mitologia, alla storiografia e soprattutto all'archeologia. Soltanto allora l'esigenza glottologica autorizza a istituire adeguati raffronti comparativi micenei e italioti, per arrivare a una valutazione che tenda ad una superiore sintesi. Da siffatto procedimento non è possibile prescindere ogni volta che si riscontrino identità o semplici constatazioni di risonanze onomastiche tra il quadro areale miceneo e quello megalogreco, anteriore all'età della grande colonizzazione storica.

Erlenmeyer, M. L., & H., Ueber Philister und Kreter, II, III, Orientalia 30 [1961]

Ferri, A., Tracce di una Koiné greco-anatolica nel II millenio a.C., Studi Classici e Orientali 10 [1961]

Frangopoulou, M. H. D., Nūpcias em Atenas: 1869, Iapetōs 1:2 [December 1961] 5-6.

Heubeck, A., Lydiaka: Untersuchungen zu Schrift, Sprache und Götternamen der Lyder [Erlanger Forschungen, Reihe A. Geisteswissenschaften 9], Erlangen, Universitätsbund 1959, pp. 90.

Heubeck, A., Zur dialektologischen Einordnung der Mykenischen, Glotta 39 [1961] 159-172.

Householder, F. W., Early Greek -j-, Glotta 39 [1961] 179-190.

Houwink ten Cate, P. H. J., The Luwian population groups of Lycia and Cilicia Aspera during the Hellenistic period [Documenta et Monumenta Orientis Antiquae 10], 1961, pp. xxii, 236, map.

An historical survey is followed by a grammar of Lycian as a Luwian language. The areas of Luwian settlement are delineated and a cursory enumeration is made of the probable names given to these areas in the second millennium. It is further demonstrated that Luwian must have developed along similar lines in both Lycia and Cilicia Aspera.

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A dispatch from Athens in the New York Times, February 2, 1962, reports a large number of brilliantly painted vases dug up last summer at Knossos. Some pieces are distinguished by all-over designs of octopus and other sea creatures, such as have been found elsewhere on Crete, but not heretofore at Knossos. Sinclair Hood would place the vases to an intermediate period between ca. 1550 and 1400 B. C. "They were found between a layer of earlier and <one of> 'sharply different' 1440 B.C. products." This would agree with the accepted dating for the "Marine Style."

The tableaux of the Syllabarii Mycenaei Transcriptio have been sent to the printer and should be ready for distribution shortly. Those in authority have pointed out that to set up a special account to recover the costs of their preparation and distribution would not be worth it, and have suggested that these be distributed gratis. This is most gratifying, and we shall follow their suggestion. Please therefore ask for as many as can be put to good use, but help us conserve our resources of supplies and of good will by asking for no more than might be put to good use.

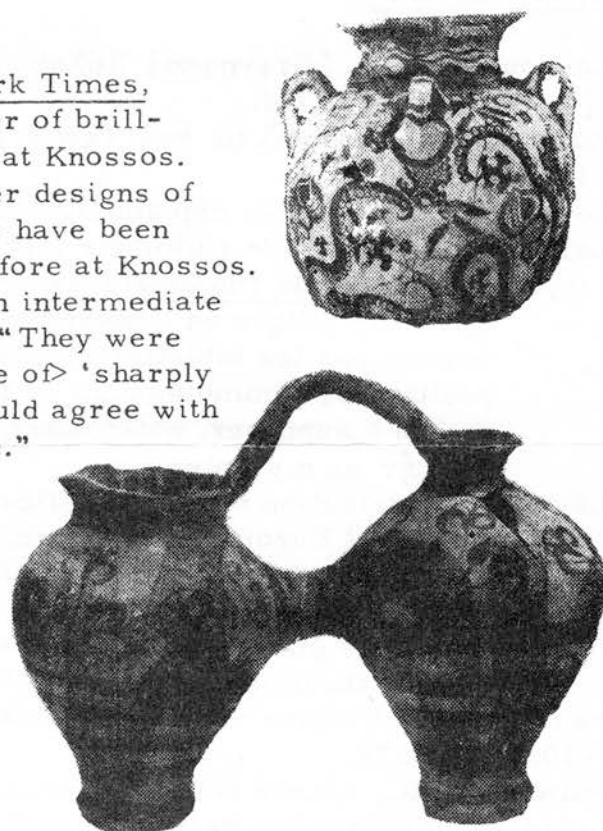
They will be printed on 8 1/2 x 11 inch post-card stock, slightly reduced in size, so that they may be trimmed, if it is desired, to ca. 16 x 23 cm.

Among the courses to be offered at the Linguistic Institute 1962, to be held at the University of Washington will be Linguistics 583, Topics in Historical and Comparative Linguistics, K, Myceanaean Greek, by William F. Wyatt.

The opening of the Athanasakeion Arkhaiologikon Mouseion in Volo on the 29th of December was announced in Καθημερινή the same day. In addition to the important painted stelai and other classical materials, there are displayed palaeolithic, neolithic, Helladic and Mycenaean antiquities of Thessaly.

Two dispatches from London appeared in Καθημερινή 17 and 19 October, 1961, reporting the appearance of Palmer's Mycenaeans and Minoans and its theories.

The change in format for reviews, begun with these pages, is intended to serve the editor's convenience in catching items to be noticed, but perhaps it will be advantageous to the reader, too. In the references to reviews the abbreviations of L'Année Philologique will be followed; elsewhere periodicals will continue spelled out.



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- Lejeune, M., Essais de philologie mycénienne VII: La postposition δε en mycénien, Revue de Philologie 35 [1961] 195-206.
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- Lévy, J., Contribution to the identification of some trees and shrubs in the oldest works of European literature, Isis 52 [1961] 78-86.
- Mellink, M. J., Archaeology in Asia Minor, American Journal of Archaeology 66 [1962] 71-85,
- The signs on four seals found at Karahüyük are of interest in the debate on the origin of the Hittite Hieroglyphic script (TTKR 1960, 27-28).
- Neumann, G., Weitere mykenische und minoische Gefäßnamen Glotta 39 [1961] 172-178.
- Palmer, L. R., Linear B texts of economic interest, Serta Philologica Aenipontana [Innsbrucker Beiträge zur Kulturwissenschaft 7-8] 1961, 1-12.
- The Mycenaean system of capacity measures is based on a unit representing the standard daily allocation of grain to a man, written as \*111. There is a scale of allocations according to rank and function: x1 - slaves, x2 - skilled workers, po-ro-du-ma, x3 - supervisors, me-ri-du-ma, x5 - rank of du-ma, x6+ - managers. The basic ratios of man: woman: child: small child are 5: 2: 1: 1/2. The grain: wine ratio is 4: 3.
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- Pulgram, E., The nature and use of proto-languages, Lingua 10 [1961] 18-37.
- Rosén, H. B., Greek evidence for laryngeals: A rejoinder to Prof. Cowgill, Lingua 10 [1961] 190-210.
- Ruijgh, C. J., Le traitement des sonantes voyelles dans les dialectes grecs et la position du mycénien, Mnemosyne, ser. 4: 14 [1961] 193-216.
- Les voyelles liquides aboutissent en ionien-attique et en grec occidental à pa/αρ etc., en arcado-cypriote et en éolien à po/ορ etc.; les voyelles nasales aboutissent à α dans tous les dialectes grecs. Le mycénien s'accorde avec l'ancêtre de l'arcado-cypriote (l'achéen), et se distingue de l'ancêtre de l'ionien-attique et de celui des parlers éoliens: une tripartition des dialectes prédoriens s'impose. L'épopée grecque a commencé en mycénien; puis, elle a passé par une phase éolienne, pour recevoir sa forme définitive chez les aèdes ioniens orientaux.

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 Wyatt, W. F., The Ma Tablets from Pylos, American Journal of Archaeology 66 [1962] 21-41.

From the figures recorded original and changed assessments, and the administrative divisions involved, can be discovered. Geographical confirmation for the administrative divisions is found for one group, and all the figures explained by means of very simple arithmetic. The Mycenaeans seem to have been competent administrators, but rather backward arithmetically.

#### REVIEWS

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¶ Gnomon 33 [1961] 628-630 F. Matz. [] RPh 35 [1961] 283-285 E. Will.

#### WORK IN PROGRESS

- M. Doria, "Avviamento alla studio del miceneo (Struttura, problemi e testi)"; "Elena a Pilo."
- Per Olin, "Das Ende der mykenischen Fundstätten auf dem griechischen Festland." This book discusses the dates for the catastrophes of the Mycenaean sites in Greece and tries to draw the historical conclusions from a survey of the relevant material. It includes a history of the Mycenaean sites in Greece with a bibliography.

#### ERRATA

- P. 160 s.v. Heubeck, for From ... to read Von Mykene bis.
- P. 172, the hypothetical Polini ... [probably, but inexplicably, the misinterpretation of a hasty scrawl] may be entirely deleted.
- Pp. 167-168, the numbers for pa and pu were printed incorrectly [the result of never having learned the numbers corresponding to signs and their values], and corrected by rubber stamp. In the reprints these errors have been corrected in printing, one or two signs redrawn, and the arrangement slightly changed.